

LWI One-Day Workshop at South Texas College of Law Houston <u>Your One Best Thing</u> December 10, 2021 Via Zoom, 10:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. CDT



Session 1:

Time	Zoom Room 1	Zoom Room 2
10:00 -	Susan Greene (Hofstra): Mindful Listening and	Hillary Reed (Houston): Please Get Back to Me Soon! Short
10:50	Mindful Movements: How to Be More Present,	Research Email Assignments that Reinforce Research,
		Writing, and Analysis (25 minutes)

	Physically and Mentally, During Online Conferences	
	(50 minutes)	Many of the assignments we give in first year legal writing
		courses have longer time horizons and expect deep research
	Conferences are always an exhausting time for all of	and analysis. But in practice and even some interviews, our
	us, but the transition to online conferences adds	students may face quick turnaround assignments. I will
	particular challenges. From "Zoom fatigue" to the	introduce an assignment that I give in the fall after the first
	difficulties of making human connections with	closed memo and research units and before their open
	students through a screen, we are navigating a new	memo. Students research a simple question and write a
	world. Drawing on my roles as a yoga teacher and a	professional email with the answer in only 75 minutes. I will
	mindfulness teacher, I have been able to make	discuss the benefits and reasoning behind doing this short
	online conferencing much more rewarding. I will	assignment and give sample problems.
	present several exercises, both physical and mental,	
	that have allowed me to better interact with and	Lorie Schweer (Iowa): <i>An Effective Sample Memo</i> (25 minutes)
	listen to my students from a chair and through a	
	screen over a day that can span eight to ten hours. I	Students generally have some experience writing, but not
	will then guide participants through some chair	with legal writing, legal analysis or using legal authority. To
	yoga and a mindful listening exercise.	prepare students for their first legal memo, have students
		prepare their own sample memo in teams in a laboratory
		environment. Students can explore the entire process of
		producing their first legal writing, including reading cases,
		preparing a case chart, memo organization, and development
		of "rule" and "application." In addition to giving students a
		low-stress environment for exploring a new genre, it gives concrete examples for the rest of the semester.
10:50 -	Break	Break
10:50 -	Dieak	DIEak
11.00		

Session 2:

Time	Zoom Room 1	Zoom Room 2
11:00 -	Lauren Simpson (Houston): <i>Demanding Attention:</i>	Rachel H. Smith (St. John's): <i>Hide & Seek: Using Anonymity &</i>
11:50	Teaching Persuasive Writing through the Demand Letter	Attention In My Legal Writing Classes (25 minutes)
	(25 minutes)	
		My "best thing" is a combination of teaching strategies that
	The demand letter is a powerful—but often	allow and encourage students to vent, think, and brainstorm
	overlooked—persuasive device for moving a	anonymously and strategies that show the students
	client's goals toward an expedient resolution. It also	personalized and individualized attention and care. This
	presents a short and effective vehicle for teaching	balance of anonymity and attention is the "secret sauce" that
	persuasive writing techniques. In this presentation,	keeps students engaged and open to learning during my
	Professor Simpson explains why she incorporates	year-long course. I will share the exercises I use with
	the demand letter into her persuasive-writing	examples of my students' work. Attendees will leave with
	curriculum; describes how she teaches effective	specific ideas and suggestions for how to incorporate
	demand-letter drafting and its accompanying	anonymity and attention into their legal writing classes.
	practical considerations; reveals what her demand-	
	letter assignment consists of and assesses; and	Harold A. Lloyd (Wake Forest): <i>The Role of Legal Writing</i>
	shares why she enjoys teaching this writing form so	Professors in Best Transactional Classes (25 minutes)
	much.	
		Taking "best class" in the broad sense of "best course," I will
	Mark Cooney (Cooley): <i>The Extra-Stuff Rule</i> (25	review how my course entitled Contracts and Commercial
	minutes)	Transactions models ways legal writing professors can
		integrate review and analysis of complex contracts in legal
	Before starting law school, students have likely	education as well as take the lead in both the teaching of
	gone for years without any formal instruction on	transactional courses and the promotion of transactional
	writing mechanics. Then they're thrust into a world	competitions in law school. Time permitting, I will discuss

in which their writing comes under hyper-scrutiny.	how my other course titled Commercial Leasing provides a
Students trying to catch up on writing mechanics	similar model.
face intimidating lists of comma rules clothed in	
grammarian jargon that they haven't seen since fifth	
grade. In reality, most of those rules are really the	
same exact rule: the Extra-Stuff Rule. Once students	
think of punctuation in this frame, the walls of	
intimidation start to fall away. Students no longer	
write scared.	

Lunch Break: 11:50 – 1:00

Session 3:

Time	Zoom Room 1	Zoom Room 2
1:00 - 2:15	Marci A. Rosenthal (Florida Int'l): Not-So-Rude	Laura Graham (Wake Forest): <i>Baby-Stepping: The Process of</i>
	Awakenings: Engaging the Early Morning Legal	<i>Legal Writing</i> (25 minutes)
	Writing Classroom (25 minutes)	
		Over the years, I've become increasingly aware of the
	For the past four semesters, my legal writing class	importance of recognizing that our 1Ls are complete
	has been scheduled for the first time slot of the day.	novices—babies, if you will—in the legal writing world. My
	After only one session in this slot, I knew I needed	1Ls learn quickly that I take a "baby-stepping" approach to
	to create a reliable method of combating students'	LAWR. In our first week, I spend a class talking about the
	morning doldrums. In keeping with the conference	steps of the legal writing process, and I use three Fisher-Price
	theme, in this session I will discuss the "one best	toys to illustrate (in keeping with the baby-stepping
	thing" that I developed to engage sleepy students:	approach). In my presentation, I'll describe how I "baby-step"
	five-minute formative assessment exercises that	

students complete at the start of every class. I will	my students through their early assignments and how I use
provide samples and discuss considerations for	the toys as visual reminders that it's okay to be a novice!
creating exercises that prime students for successful	
class sessions regardless of the time of day.	Marty Largent Purvis (Mississippi College): Decluttering the
	Classroom: Using a Flipped Classroom Model to Teach
Tina Boudreaux (Tulane): Using the Course's Final	<i>Transactional Drafting</i> (25 minutes)
Class to Reinforce (or Introduce) Transfer Theory (25	
minutes)	A flipped classroom model for a legal writing course can
	shift the focus of class time away from substantive lecture,
My presentation will address transfer theory—"the	and to a more student-centered experience that allows
use of knowledge or a skill acquired in one	students to practice the skills and concepts covered in
situation to perform a different task"*—and	substantive lectures. In-class exercises that foster engagement
scholars' suggestions for teaching it in the legal	and collaboration can impact student engagement and foster
writing classroom. I'll focus on the exercise I	professional development. This presentation will focus on
created for the course's final class to remind	how a flipped classroom model can be used to teach and
students they have been taught transferable skills	assess a transactional drafting module in a legal writing
and how to call upon them in their summer jobs	course.
and externships, clinic work, and beyond. *Laurel	
Currie Oates, I Know That I Taught Them How to Do	Tenielle Fordyce-Ruff (Arizona State): <i>The Un-Lesson:</i>
<i>That</i> , 7 LEGAL WRITING: J. LEGAL WRITING INST. 1, 1	Student-Led Energy (25 minutes)
(2001).	
	Even a few minutes of student-led activity during class
Jennifer Mitchell (George Washington): Rebranding	greatly benefits your classroom and your students. Come
the Self-Reflection (25 minutes)	learn how exhaustion, cold, and darkness sparked one of my
	favorite lessons: bringing the energy. And how having
As teachers we all know how important it is for	students bring the energy benefited their engagement,
students to reflect on strengths, weaknesses, and	connection, creativity, and learning, and my teaching. In
processes but my students would often half-	addition to some energizing examples, I will discuss ground

	heartedly fill out their self-reflections after major	rules to give your students for leading this activity and the
	assignments and turn them into the	pedagogical benefits to including this un-lesson into your
	abyss. Professional Identity Formation (PIF)	classes.
	became the answer to my self-reflection woes;	
	students are tasked with drafting 1-2 page after	
	action type memos after major assignments as a	
	way not to just reflect post assignments but	
	articulate their gains, takeaways, areas for	
	improvement and practice memo writing. Bonus,	
	we get to discuss them in small groups in class, I	
	use them as discussion points in conferences, and	
	students can better articulate their research, writing,	
	and practical skills in interviews. By thinking	
	through the PIF lens I took a semi-boring activity	
	and made it relevant to students' PIF development	
	and legal practice.	
2:15 - 2:30	Break	Break

Greetings from STCL Dean Mike Barry and Networking Event: 2:30 – 3:00

Session 4:

Time	Zoom Room 1	Zoom Room 2
3:00 - 4:15	Erin A. Donelon (Tulane): <i>My One Best Thing:</i> <i>Teaching Persuasive Writing Techniques Through the</i> <i>College Admissions Scandal Briefs</i> (25 minutes)	Meredith Stange (Northern Illinois): <i>To Ketchup or Not to Ketchup: Potatoes and Synthesis</i> (25 minutes)

This	presentation will illustrate how I have recently	Rule synthesis can be a difficult skill for 1L students to learn.
upda	ted a lesson on persuasive drafting to include	To demystify the concept of synthesis, I created an exercise
excer	pts from briefs in the so-called "college	identifying when my husband puts ketchup on potatoes. I
admi	ssions scandal." The briefs provide helpful	show slides with pictures of different kinds of potatoes,
exam	ples of persuasive techniques and are well	including American fries, hash browns, and French fries, and
writte	en, well organized, and polished. Students are	discuss which get ketchup. The students and I then work
gener	ally familiar with the facts of the case, and the	together to create a rule for what kinds of potatoes should
legal	arguments are straightforward and easy to	get ketchup. Once we have a rule, I show them the test case,
follow	v without additional research. The extensive	tater tots, and we adjust the rule we created to reflect this
media	a coverage also provides opportunities to	new information.
suppl	ement the lesson with photos and videos.	
		Ronald S. Gieseke (Chicago-Kent): Let's Make a Deal (25
Micha	ael Pinsof (Law Offices of Michael W. Pinsof,	minutes)
P.C.):	Utilizing an LRW Class Exercise as a Means for	
De-Co	onstructing the Silos of Legal Education (25	The presentation "Let's Make a Deal" describes a writing
minu	tes)	skills course project that instructs law students in the art of
mmu		skins course project that instructs haw students in the art of
IIIIIu		creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is
	professors are blessed with the opportunity to	1 <i>y</i>
LRW		creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is
LRW impa	professors are blessed with the opportunity to	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six
LRW impa: of lav	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business,
LRW impat of lav comp	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10%
LRW impat of lav comp "silos	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating rehension of a series of separate and distinct	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10% owner and founder of the business. Each owner is provided
LRW impa: of lav comp "silos bound	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating rehension of a series of separate and distinct " of doctrinal courses. Unconstrained by the	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10% owner and founder of the business. Each owner is provided a description of individual investment objectives. The
LRW impai of lav comp "silos bound the re	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating rehension of a series of separate and distinct " of doctrinal courses. Unconstrained by the daries of case books, we are able to simulate	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10% owner and founder of the business. Each owner is provided a description of individual investment objectives. The students negotiate a shareholder agreement that reflects the
LRW impat of lav comp "silos bound the re appro	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating rehension of a series of separate and distinct " of doctrinal courses. Unconstrained by the daries of case books, we are able to simulate ral world by using an experiential, integrated	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10% owner and founder of the business. Each owner is provided a description of individual investment objectives. The students negotiate a shareholder agreement that reflects the vision of the business and balances the separate ownership
LRW impar of law comp "silos bound the re appro exper	professors are blessed with the opportunity to rt to our students the insight that the practice v requires more than demonstrating rehension of a series of separate and distinct " of doctrinal courses. Unconstrained by the daries of case books, we are able to simulate val world by using an experiential, integrated bach to the analysis of real problems	creating an exceptional transactional document. The class is divided into newly formed closely held businesses of six students. The individuals are assigned roles in the business, ranging from a 45% owner who has deep pockets to the 10% owner and founder of the business. Each owner is provided a description of individual investment objectives. The students negotiate a shareholder agreement that reflects the vision of the business and balances the separate ownership interests and talents of the individual owners. After

proposes a series of lesson plans and learning outcomes as a means to achieve these goals.	discussions and the trade-offs that were necessary to reach the final product.
John Korzen (Wake Forest): <i>Representing the Wicked Witch of the West</i> (25 minutes)	Chandra Lee (Mississippi College): <i>Citing for the Win!</i> (25 minutes)
As an experience in planning and drafting a fact statement, as well as representing an unpopular client, I have students represent the Wicked Witch of the West. The case scenario I have created is <i>Commonwealth of Oz v. Wicked Witch of the West</i> . West has appealed from a conviction of aggravated assault, after the trial court did not allow the jury to consider whether she was acting in self defense. Students use an accurate transcript of dialogue that I created from the movie. It can be a fun and memorable exercise.	My proposed presentation is based on an exercise that I conduct with my 1L students in the spring of each year. I will briefly show the slides that I have created that demonstrate the most commonly used citation rules. Then I will show an excerpt of an appellate brief that contains citation errors and show how I create teams within my class to correct the errors.